

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

FreshUp Sparkling Tabs 5 g

Version number: GHS 7.0 (2022-08-30) Replaces version: GHS 6 (2021-10-20)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 **Product identifier**

Trade name FreshUp Sparkling Tabs 5 g SDS-Ref 07570

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

> Relevant identified uses Water treatment chemical

> > Professional use

Consumer use (private households)

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Steinbach International GmbH 1.3

L. Steinbach Platz 1 4311 Schwertberg

Austria

Telephone: +43 7262 61431 1000

e-Mail: info@steinbach-group.com

e-Mail (competent person): sdb@steinbach-group.com

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Country	Name	Postal code/city	Telephone	Opening hours
Austria	Vergiftungsinformationszentrale	1090 Wien	+43 1 406 4343 (24h)	
Ireland	National Poisons Information Centre	Dublin 9	+353 1 809 2166 / 2566 (24h)	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
3.10	acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319
3.8R	specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respiratory tract irritation)	3	STOT SE 3	H335
4.1A	hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard	1	Aquatic Acute 1	H400
4.1C	hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	1	Aquatic Chronic 1	H410

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

- Signal word

Warning

- Pictograms

GHS07, GHS09



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- Hazard statements

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

P391 Collect spillage.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

- Supplemental hazard information

EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

EUH206 Warning! Do not use together with other products. May release dangerous gases (chlorine).

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling Symclosene

2.3 Other hazards

Of no significance

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture).

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Wt%
Symclosene	CAS No 87-90-1 EC No 201-782-8 Index No 613-031-00-5 REACH Reg. No 01-2120767978-27-xxxx	Ox. Sol. 2 / H272 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 STOT SE 3 / H335 Aquatic Acute 1 / H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 / H410	(1)	50 – < 75
Sodium carbonate	CAS No 497-19-8 EC No 207-838-8 Index No 011-005-00-2 REACH Reg. No 01-2119485498-19-xxxx	Eye Irrit. 2 / H319	1	10 - < 25

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Name of substance	Identifier	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Wt%
Adipic acid	CAS No 124-04-9	Eye Irrit. 2 / H319	<u>(!)</u>	1 – < 5
	EC No 204-673-3		·	
	Index No 607-144-00-9			
	REACH Reg. No 01-21194 <i>575</i> 61-38-xxxx			

Name of substance	Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
Symclosene	-	-	500 ^{mg} / _{kg}	oral

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Symptoms may develop several hours following exposure; medical observation therefore necessary for at least 48 hours. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth. Self-protection of the first aider.

Following inhalation

Mouth to mouth resuscitation should be avoided. Use alternative methods, preferably with oxygen or compressed air driven apparatus. If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Let be drunken in little sips: 0, 1-0, 21 Water. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water, Foam, ABC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Hydrogen chloride (HCI), Chlorine (Cl2)

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5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety. Ventilate affected area.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Use local and general ventilation.

- Specific notes/details

Dust deposits may accumulate on all deposition surfaces in a technical room. The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

- Handling of incompatible substances or mixtures

Do not mix with acids.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Removal of dust deposits.

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Control of effects

- Protect against external exposure, such as

High temperatures, Frost, Humidity, UV-radiation/sunlight

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Packaging compatibilities

Professional use: Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Consumer use (private households): Keep only in original container.

Conditions of storage

Keep container tightly closed in a cool place. Protect from sunlight. Keep away from children.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

There is no additional information.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits) Coun Name of agent **CAS No** lden-**TWA STEL** STEL Ceil-Ceil-Nota-Sourc [mg/ m³] tifier [mg/ m³] ing-C ing-C try [ppm] [ppm] tion е [mg/ m³] [ppm] EU chlorine 7782-**IOELV** 2006 0.5 1.5 50-5 /15/ EC ΙE OELV 10 S.I. dusts non-specific No. 619 of 2001 ΙE **OELV** 4 S.I. dusts non-specific No. 619 of 2001 ΙE adipic acid 124-04-**OELV** 5 S.I. No. 619 of 2001 ΙE chlorine 7782-**OELV** 0.5 1.5 S.I. proc 50-5 No. 619 of 2001

Notation

TWA

Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

inhalable fraction

substances released during the process proc respirable fraction

STFI short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise spe-

time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (un-

less otherwise specified)

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Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Adipic acid	124-04-9	DNEL	65 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	consumer (private households)	chronic - systemic effects
Adipic acid	124-04-9	DNEL	65 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	consumer (private households)	acute - systemic ef- fects
Adipic acid	124-04-9	DNEL	19 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	consumer (private households)	chronic - systemic effects
Adipic acid	124-04-9	DNEL	19 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	consumer (private households)	acute - systemic ef- fects
Adipic acid	124-04-9	DNEL	19 mg/kg bw/day	human, oral	consumer (private households)	chronic - systemic effects
Adipic acid	124-04-9	DNEL	19 mg/kg bw/day	human, oral	consumer (private households)	acute - systemic ef- fects

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Adipic acid	124-04-9	PNEC	0.126 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
Adipic acid	124-04-9	PNEC	0.013 ^{mg} / _I	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
Adipic acid	124-04-9	PNEC	59.1 ^{mg} / _I	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)
Adipic acid	124-04-9	PNEC	0.484 ^{mg} /	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
Adipic acid	124-04-9	PNEC	0.048 ^{mg} /	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
Adipic acid	124-04-9	PNEC	0.023 ^{mg} / kg	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single in- stance)

8.2 Exposure controls (professional use)

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

- Eye/face protection

Use safety goggle with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Type of material

PVC: polyvinyl chloride, NR: natural rubber, latex

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

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Respiratory protection

Particulate filter device (EN 143).

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection: Full face mask (DIN EN 136).

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	solid
Colour	white
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	225 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	337.5 °C at 1,013 hPa
Flammability	non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit	0 vol% - 0 vol%
Flash point	not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	>400 °C
Decomposition temperature	>225 °C
pH (value)	6 – 7 (in aqueous solution: 10 ^g / _I , 25 °C)
Kinematic viscosity	not relevant
Particle characteristics	no data available
Oxidising properties	none
Vapour pressure	

Vapour pressure	66.9 Pa at 20 °C

Density and/or relative density

Density	not determined
Relative vapour density	information on this property is not available
Other safety parameters	
Solubility(ies)	not determined
Partition coefficient	
n-Octanol/water (log KOW)	0.94

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes
Other safety characteristics

hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant there is no additional information

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

Release of toxic materials with:

Acids

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful if inhaled.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Oral
$$793.7 \, ^{mg}/_{kg}$$

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	End- point	Value	Species
Symclosene	8 <i>7-</i> 90-1	oral	LD50	787 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
Symclosene	87-90-1	inhalation: dust/mist	LC50	>5.25 ^{mg} / _I /4h	rat
Symclosene	8 <i>7-</i> 90-1	dermal	LD50	>5,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit
Sodium carbonate	497-19-8	oral	LD50	2,800 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
Sodium carbonate	497-19-8	dermal	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit
Adipic acid	124-04-9	oral	LD50	5,560 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat

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Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Symclosene	87-90-1	LC50	0.23 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Symclosene	87-90-1	EC50	0.17 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Symclosene	87-90-1	EbC50	2,700 ^{mg} / _l	algae	<i>7</i> 2 h
Symclosene	87-90-1	ErC50	>100 ^{mg} / _I	algae	<i>7</i> 2 h
Sodium carbonate	497-19-8	LC50	300 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Sodium carbonate	497-19-8	EC50	227 ^{mg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Adipic acid	124-04-9	LC50	46 ^{mg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Adipic acid	124-04-9	ErC50	59 ^{mg} / _I	algae	<i>7</i> 2 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Symclosene	8 <i>7-</i> 90-1	EC50	2,600 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
Adipic acid	124-04-9	EC50	18 ^{mg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	21 d

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12.2 Persistence and degradability

Degradability of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Notes
Adipic acid	124-04-9	biotic/abiotic	100 %	28 d		
Adipic acid	124-04-9	oxygen deple- tion	83 %	30 d		
Adipic acid	124-04-9	DOC removal	>90 %	5 d		

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Symclosene	8 <i>7-</i> 90-1		-1.31 (25 °C)	
Adipic acid	124-04-9	3.162	0.093 (pH value: 3.3, 25 °C)	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Other disposal recommendations

Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Waste treatment of containers/packagings: Mixed municipal waste.

Relevant provisions relating to waste

List of wastes (EU), Decision 2000/532/EC on the list of waste

Product Code/ Type of waste: 19 09 99

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number 3077

ADR/RID/ADN UN 3077
IMDG-Code UN 3077
ICAO-TI UN 3077

14.2 UN proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

ADR/RID/ADN ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

IMDG-Code ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

ICAO-TI Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

Technical name (hazardous ingredients)

Symclosene

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN 9
IMDG-Code 9
ICAO-TI 9

14.4 Packing group III (substance presenting low danger)

ADR/RID/ADN III
IMDG-Code III
ICAO-TI III

14.5 Environmental hazards hazardous to the aquatic environment

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)

Classification code M7

Danger label(s) 9, fish and tree

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Special provisions (SP) 274, 335, 375, 601

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 kg
Transport category (TC) 3
Tunnel restriction code (TRC) Hazard identification No 90

Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID) -

Additional information

Classification code M7

Danger label(s) 9, fish and tree

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to water)

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Special provisions (SP) 274, 335, 375, 601

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

Limited quantities (LQ) 5 kg

Transport category (TC) 3

Hazard identification No 90

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Marine pollutant yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 9, fish and tree

Special provisions (SP) 274, 335, 966, 967, 969

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 kg
EmS F-A, S-F
Stowage category A

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 9, fish and tree

(*)

Special provisions (SP) A97, A158, A179, A197, A215

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 30 kg

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

No	Name of substance	CAS No	Type of registration
75	Adipic acid		2020/2081/EC annex XVII
75	Sodium carbonate		2020/2081/EC annex XVII
75	Symclosene		2020/2081/EC annex XVII

List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV) / SVHC - candidate list

None of the ingredients are listed.

Seveso Directive

No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories
E1	environmental hazards (hazardous to the aquatic environment, cat. 1)

Deco-Paint Directive

VOC content 0 %

Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	0%
VOC content	0 /8

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

None of the ingredients are listed.

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Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

None of the ingredients are listed.

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

List of pollutants (WFD)

Name of substance	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Sodium carbonate		a)	
Symclosene		a)	

Legend

A)

Indicative list of the main pollutants

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

None of the ingredients are listed.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed

Legend

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relevant
9.1	Lower and upper explosion limit: not determined	Lower and upper explosion limit: 0 vol% - 0 vol%	yes
12.2	Persistence and degradability: Data are not available.	Persistence and degradability	yes
12.2		Degradability of components of the mixture: change in the listing (table)	yes
14.7		Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID) - Additional information	yes
14.7		Classification code: M7	yes
14.7		Danger label(s): 9, fish and tree	yes
14.7		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.7		Environmental hazards: yes (hazardous to water)	yes
14.7		Special provisions (SP): 274, 335, 375, 601	yes
14.7		Excepted quantities (EQ): E1	yes
14.7		Limited quantities (LQ): 5 kg	yes

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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relevant
14.7		Transport category (TC):	yes
14.7		Hazard identification No: 90	yes
16	Key literature references and sources for data: Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).	Key literature references and sources for data: Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Accord evropéen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International C of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways) ADR Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) ADR/RID/ADN Agreements concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road/Rail/Inland Waterways (ADR/RID/ADN) Aquatic Acute hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard Aquatic Chronic ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF bioconcentration factor BOD Biochemical Oxygen Demand CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) Ceiling-C ceiling-C ceiling-C ceiling-C ceiling-C COD chemical oxygen demand DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DNEL Derived No-Effect Level EbC50 Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time	Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADR Accord elastif ou transport international das marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures [European Agreement concerning the International Card Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway.] ADR Accord relatif ou transport international das marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Card Dangerous Goods by Road] ADR/KID/ADN Agreements concerning the International Card Dangerous Goods by Road [Rai]/Inland Waterway: [ADR/RID/ADN] Agreements concerning the International Card Dangerous Goods by Road [Rai]/Inland Waterway: [ADR/RID/ADN] Agreements concerning the International Card Dangerous Goods by Road [Rai]/Inland Waterway: [ADR/RID/ADN] Agreements concerning the International Card Dangerous Goods by Road [Rai]/Inland Waterway: [ADR/RID/ADN] Agreements concerning the International Card Dangerous Goods by Raid Dangerous Goods by Raid Dangerous Goods by Raid Dangerous Goods by Raid Dangerous Goods Bagulation (accord Dangerous Goods Bagulation (accord Dangerous Goods Raid Dangerous G	2006/15/EC	Commission Directive establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC
of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways! ADR Accord Inditifial out transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road/Rall/Inland Waterways (ADR/RID/ADN) Appeted Acute Appated Chronic Appated Chronic AZE Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF Bioconcernation footor BOD Biochemical Oxygen Demand CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) Celling-C Celling-C Celling-C Celling-C Celling-C Celling-C Celling-C CoD Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) COD Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) COD Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) Colling-C Celling-C Cip Bagulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures COD Chemical oxygen demand DORR Dongerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DORE Dongerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DORE Dongerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DORE Dongerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DEFINED ECSO Effective Concentrations 50 %. The ECSO corresponds to the concentration of a tested substances cousing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time ECNO The ECI mentary (EINECS, EUNCS and the NEI/Iril) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European EINECS) European Isra of Notified Chemical Substances EMS Emergency Schedule ECSO Emergency Sch	Acute Tox.	acute toxicity
ADB_RID_ADN Agreements concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road/Rail/Inland Waterways (ADR_RID_ADN) Aquatic Acute Aposite Characte Aposite Characte Art E Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF Biconcentration foctor BOD Biochemical Oxygen Demand CAS Chemical Abstracts service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) Ceiling-CC ceiling-CC ceiling-CC ceiling-CC ceiling-CC CP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures CCP Aposition (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures CCP Aposition (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures CCP COD Chemical oxygen demand DGR DORS Dongerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DCR) DNEL Defined No.Effect Level EECSO Effective Concentration of the substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbCSO) or growth rate (ErCSO) relative to the control ECSO Effective Concentration 50 %. The ECSO corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time EC No The EC Inventory (EINECS, EUNCS and the NIV-Iul) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European EINECS European I isl of Northfed Chemical Substances EmS Emergency Schedule EmcSO European I isl of Northfed Chemical Substances EmS Emergency Schedule EmcSO Exception I inventional Crit Available of Concentration of lest substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbCSO) or growth rate (ErCSO) relative to the control Eye Dam. Erchology damaging to the eye Eye Init. Irritant to the eye Eye Init. Irritant to the eye Irritant international Available Concentration of deep rough to the substance causing 50 % reduction (EC) No 1272/2008 International Maritime Dange	ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriaç of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
Aquatic Acute hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard Aquatic Chronic hazard hazard south the aquatic environment - chronic hazard hazard hazard hazard south the aquatic environment - chronic hazard hazard hazard hazard hazard hazard hazard hazard policy filter hazard h	ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
Aquotic Chronic Action Action Toxicity Estimate BCF bioconcentration factor BOD Biochemical Oxygen Demand CAS Chemical Oxygen Demand CAS cellings-GC celling value CIP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures CIP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures CIP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures CIP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures CIP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures CIP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures CIP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures CIP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures CIP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures CIP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EC,50) or growth rate (Er,50) relative to the control EC,500 in this method, that concentration of test substances which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EC,50) argrowth rate (Er,50) relative to the control EV, Parm. EMPORED Report Oxidation (Parmicular Substances) Emporary Exhetic Report of Notified Chemical Substances Emporary Exhetic Report of Notified Chemical Substance Report of Repo	adr/rid/adn	Agreements concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road/Rail/Inland Waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)
ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF bioconcentration factor BOD Biochemical Oxygen Demand CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) Celing-C celling value CIP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures COD chemical oxygen demand DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DNEL Derived No-Effect level BCS0 = ECS0: in this method, that concentration of lest substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (ECC50) or growth rate (ECC50) relative to the control ECS0 = Effective Concentration 50 %. The ECS0 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance acusing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time EC No The EC Inventory (EINECS, EUINCS and the NIP-Isil) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European EliNECS) EUROPEAN Exposen list of Notified Chemical Substances ELINCS European list of Notified Chemical Substances ELINCS = Ecopean list of Notified Chemical Substances EES = Emergency Schedule ECS0 = ECS0: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EDC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. Irritant to the eye Seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. Irritant to the eye International Air Transport Association INTA/ORA Internati	Aquatic Acute	hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard
BCF Bickenical Oxygen Demond CAS Chemical Davygen Demond CAS Chemical Characts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) Celling-C celling value CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures COD chemical Oxygen demond DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DNEL Derived No-Effect Level EBCSO = ECSO: in this method, that concentration of feet substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EBCSO) or growth rate (ErCSO) relative to the control ECSO = Effective Concentration 50 %. The ECSO corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time EC No The EC Inventory (EINECS, EUNCS and the NIP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, on identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Elenacy) ELINCS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EMS Emergency Schedule ErCSO = ECSO: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EBCSO) or growth rate (ErCSO) relative to the control EYe Pam. seriously damaging to the eye Eye Init. irritant	Aquatic Chronic	hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard
BOD Blochemical Oxygen Demand CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) Celling-C celling value CLP Regulation [EC] No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures CDD chemical oxygen demand DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DNEL Derived No-Effect level EbC50 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control EC50 Effective Concentration 50 %. The ECC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time EC No IT he EC (Inventory (EINECS, EUIXCS and the NUF High is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (Europeac EINECS) European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EEMS Emergency Schedule ErC50 = EC50: In this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. irritant to the eye Eye Irrit. irritant to the eye Eye Irrit. irritant to the eye Eye Irrit. International Air Transport Association IATA/OGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DCR) for the air transport (IATA) International Air Transport Association ICAO II Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Index No the Index Amamber is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Index No the Index Amamber is the identification code given to the substance causing 50 % lethally during a specified time interval India Charles Internat	ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) Ceiling-C celling value CP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures COD chemical axygen demand DRR Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DNEL Derived No-Effect Level ENCS0 = ECS0: In this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control ECS0 Effective Concentration 50 %. The ECS0 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time EC No The EC Inventory (EINECS, EUINCS and the NIP-IIsi) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, on identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (Europeet EINECS European List of Notified Chemical Substances EINECS European List of Notified Chemical Substances EmS Emergency Schedule ErCS0 = ECS0: In this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. seriously damaging to the eye Eye Init. irritiant to the eye GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals' developed by the United Nations IATA International Air Transport Association ICAO. International Ciril Avaidion Organization ICAO. International Ciril Avaidion Organization ICAO. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	BCF	bioconcentration factor
Ceiling-C CP CIP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures COD chemical axygen demand DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DNEL Derived No-Effect Level EBC50 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EBC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control EC50 = Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time EC No The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (Europee ELINCS) European List of Notified Chemical Substances ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances EMS Emergency Schedule ErC50 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals* developed by the United Nations IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) International Air Transport Association ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Index No the Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Index No the Index number is the identification code given to the substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval ID50 Lethal Concentration 50% the LC50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval Ing KOW No-longer Polymer Ox. Sol. oxidaling sold P8T	BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CLP Regulation [EC] No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures CDD chemical oxygen demand DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DNEL Derived No-Effect Level EDC50 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control EC50 = Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g., on growth) during a specified time EC No	CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
COD Chemical oxygen demand DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DNEL Derived No-Effect Level EBC50 = ECS0: In this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control ECS0 Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time EC No The EC Inventory (EINECS, EUNCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (Europea EINECS) European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EUNCS European list of Notified Chemical Substances EINECS European list of Notified Chemical Substances EmS Emergency Schedule ECS0 = ECS0: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. seriously damaging to the eye Eye Inst. irritant to the eye Eye Inst. irritant to the eye Eye Inst. irritant to the eye Eye Inst. international Air Transport Association IATA International Air Transport Association IATA International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-II Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Intern	Ceiling-C	ceiling value
DGR Dargerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DNEL Derived No-Effect level EbC50 = EC50: in his method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control EC No Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance acusing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time EC No The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NIP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (Europea ElINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances EC50 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. Erc50 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. Erc70 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. Erc70 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. Erc70 = EC50: in this method, that of concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Erc70 relative to the control	CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
DNEL Derived No-Effect Level EBC50 EC50: In this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50% reduction in either growth (EBC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control EC50 Effective Concentration 50%. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50% changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time EC No The EC Inventory (EINECS, EUNCS and the NIP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (Europee EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances Ems Emergency Schedule ErC50 EC50: In this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50% reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. Eye Dam. Eye Dam. Seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. Irritant to the eye GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Avaitation Organization ICAO-11 Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Index No the Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 IDEIV indicative occupational exposure limit value LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval Ing KOW No-clanel/water No-longer Polymer Ox. Sol. oxidising solid Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	COD	chemical oxygen demand
EBC50	DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
ECSO Effective Concentration 50 %. The ECSO corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time EC No The EC Inventory (EINECS, EUNCS and the NIP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (Europea EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances Ems Emergency Schedule ErCSO = ECSO: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbCSO) or growth rate (ErCSO) relative to the control eye Dam. Eye Dam. seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. irritant to the eye GHS *Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals* developed by the United Nations IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DCR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Index No the Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 ICELV indicative occupational exposure limit value ICSO Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval IDSO Lethal Dose 50 %: the ID50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval IOSO oxidising solid PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC No The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (Europeen EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European list of Notified Chemical Substances Ems Emergency Schedule Erc50 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. irritant to the eye GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-II Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Index No the Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 IOELV indicative occupational exposure limit value LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval log KOW n-octanol/water NLP No-Longer Polymer Ox. Sol. oxidising solid PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	EbC50	≡ EC.50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC.50) or growth rate (ErC.50) relative to the control
The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European EINECS) European list of Notified Chemical Substances ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances Ems Emergency Schedule ErC50 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. irritant to the eye Eye Irrit. irritant to the eye Eye Irrit. International Air Transport Association IATA/ DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Index No the Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 IOELV indicative occupational exposure limit value IC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval Iog KOW n-octanol/water NLP No-Longer Polymer Ox. Sol. oxidising solid PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interest.
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances EmS Emergency Schedule ErCSO = ECSO: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. Eye Dam. Seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. Iirritant to the eye GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-IT Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Index No the Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 IOELV indicative occupational exposure limit value IC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the IC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval IOESO Lethal Dose 50 %: the ID50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval IOESO Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval IOE No Longer Polymer Ox. Sol. oxidising solid PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Unit
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EmS Emergency Schedule ErC50 ≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. irritant to the eye GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Index No the Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 IOELV Indicative occupational exposure limit value IC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval IDBG No-cotanol/water NLP No-Longer Polymer Ox. Sol. oxidising solid PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	ELINCS	
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PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic		
		Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
S.I. No. 619 of 2001 Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001	2001	
STEL short-term exposure limit		
STOT SE specific target organ toxicity - single exposure		
SVHC Substance of Very High Concern	SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern

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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

FreshUp Sparkling Tabs 5 g

Version number: GHS 7.0 (2022-08-30)

Replaces version: GHS 6 (2021-10-20)

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
TWA	time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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